21174

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A compound of formula Ia:

5

10

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof wherein R_{1a} is selected from:

- 1) -C₁₋₁₀alkyl-CO₂R^a,
- 2) -CH(CO₂Ra)CH₂CH₂CO₂Rb, and
- 3) -CH(CO₂Ra)CH₂ORb;

R_{2a} is selected from:

- 1) C₁₋₁₀ alkyl,
- 2) -NRa (C₁₋₁₀ alkyl),
- 3) -CH2ORa,

15

20

- 4) C₃₋₆cycloalkyl,
- 5) Ar, and
- 6) -N(Ra)-Ar;

R_{3a} is selected from:

- 1) -N(Ra)-Ar,
- 2) -CH=CH₂-Ar,
 - 3) -NHSO2-Ar, and
 - 4) $-(CH_2)_{2-5}-C(O)$ -3-thienyl;

Ar is phenyl optionally substituted with 1 to 2 groups independently selected from halogen and C_{1-4} alkyl; and

25 Ra and Rb are independently selected from hydrogen and C₁₋₁₀ alkyl.

A method for preparing a resin-bound compound of Formula 2.

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & H \\
 & O \\$$

wherein

[7]:

represents a polymeric resin support, and R^c is a carboxy protecting group, which comprises:

coupling a monosaccharide of Formula [1]:

10

5

to an activated polymeric resin support of Formula [6]:

15

wherein Re is C1-3alkyl.

3. A method of Claim 2, which further comprises: (a) coupling 2-(4-formylphenoxy)acetic acid to a polymeric resin support having a free amino group; and

20

- (b) activating the resin-bound 2-(4-formylphenoxy) acetate as an acetal to provide the activated polymeric resin support of Formula [6].
- 5 4. The method of Claim 3 wherein the polymeric resin support is aminomethyl polystyrene uniform beads.
 - 5. A method for preparing a resin-bound compound of Formula

which comprises:

10

20

(a) coupling the monosaccharide of Formula III to carboxy protected 4-(formyl)phenoxyacetic acid di(C₁₋₃alkyl) acetal to form an intermediate of Formula [3]

wherein R^c and R^d are different carboxy protecting groups, and Rf is a hydroxy protecting group;

- (b) introducing the Rf hydroxy protecting group;
- (c) removing the carboxy protecting group Rd; and
- (d) coupling the deprotected compound of Formula IIa to a resin having free amino group to provide the resin-bound compound of Formula [4].
- 6. The method of Claim 5 wherein the polymeric resin support is aminomethyl polystyrene uniform beads.

15

20

7. A method for preparing a library of compounds of Formula I

$$\begin{array}{c|c} HO & O & O \\ HO & O & R_3 \\ \hline & NH & R_2 \\ HN & I \\ \hline & R_1 \\ \end{array}$$

wherein R₁, R₂ and R₃ are independently an organic radical, which comprises:

5 a) removing one of the protecting groups R^c or R^f from a compound of formula [4]

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & H \\
 & O \\$$

- wherein represents a polymeric resin support, R^c is a carboxy protecting group and R^f is a hydroxy protecting group, to provide a first functional group,
 - b) derivatizing said first functional group,
 - c) removing the second protecting group from the compound of formula [4] to provide a second functional group,
 - d) derivatizing said second functional group, and
 - e) releasing modified compounds of formula I from the resin.
 - 8. A library of compounds prepared by the method of Claim 7 for screening for inhibiting Mur enzymes.
 - 9. A pharmaceutical composition which is comprised of a compound in accordance with Claim 1 in combination with a carrier.
- A method of treating a bacterial infection in a mammalian
 patient in need of such treatment which is comprised of administering to said patient

a compound in accordance with Claim 1 in an amount which is effective for treating a bacterial infection.

5